

CLAIM OR CLAIMS

1. *(original)* A method for differential compression of a body of data S with respect to a body of data T , comprising the steps of:
 - initializing a sliding window W of size $\text{MAX}\{m,n\}+K$
so that its rightmost m characters are S ,
where K is an integer such that $0 \leq K < \text{MIN}\{m,n\}$;
 - performing sliding window compression of T with window W ,
to produce a sequence of pointers,
where each of said pointers represents a single character
or represents a copy of an earlier substring of T
or represents a copy of a substring of S ,
such that at least one of said pointers represents a copy of a substring of S ;
 - transmitting each pointer of said sequence of pointers to a utilization device
that contains a copy of S ;
 - upon receiving each of said pointers at said utilization device,
performing an additional sliding window decoding step in the recovery of T ,
in such a way that the size of the memory used is no more than $\text{MAX}\{m,n\} + K$,
and such that after the last pointer is received T is fully recovered.
2. *(original)* A method according to Claim 1, further comprising the step of:
Rearranging substrings of S so that S is better aligned with T .
3. *(original)* A method according to Claim 1 where $K \leq \text{MIN}\{m,n\}/2$.
4. *(original)* A method according to Claim 1 where K is $O(\sqrt{\text{MIN}\{m,n\}})$.
5. *(original)* A method according to Claim 1 where $K=0$.

- 1 **6. (original)** A method for representing a first body of data T of size n by a second body of data
2 S of size m and a sequence of pointers,
3 where each of said pointers represents a single character or represents a copy of an earlier
4 substring of T or represents a copy of a substring of S ,
5 such that at least one of said pointers represents a copy of a substring of S ,
6 so that it is possible to recover T from S by processing said sequence of pointers
7 and overwriting S from left to right,
8 in such a way that the size of the memory used is no more than $\text{MAX}\{m,n\} + K$,
9 where K is an integer such that $0 \leq K < \text{MIN}\{m,n\}$.
- 10 **7. (original)** A method according to Claim 6, further comprising the step of:
11 Rearranging substrings of S to that S is better aligned with T .
- 12 **8. (original)** A method according to Claim 6 where $K \leq \text{MIN}\{m,n\}/2$.
- 13 **9. (original)** A method according to Claim 6 where K is $O(\sqrt{\text{MIN}\{m,n\}})$.
- 14 **10. (original)** A method according to Claim 6 where $K=0$.
- 15 **11. (original)** A method of recovering a first body of data T of size n from a second body of data S of
16 size m and a sequence of pointers, where each of said pointers represents a single character or
17 represents a copy of an earlier substring of T or represents a copy of a substring of S ,
18 such that at least one of said pointers represents a copy of a substring of S ,
19 by processing said sequence of pointers and overwriting S from left to right,
20 in such a way that the size of the memory used is no more than $\text{MAX}\{m,n\} + K$,
21 where K is an integer such that $0 \leq K < \text{MIN}\{m,n\}$.
- 22 **12. (original)** A method according to Claim 11, further comprising the step of:
23 Rearranging substrings of S to that S is better aligned with T .
- 24 **13. (original)** A method according to Claim 11 where $K \leq \text{MIN}\{m,n\}/2$.
- 25 **14. (original)** A method according to Claim 11 where K is $O(\sqrt{\text{MIN}\{m,n\}})$.
- 26 **15. (original)** A method according to Claim 11 where $K=0$.

1 **16. (amended)** A system for differential compression of a body of data S with respect to a body
2 of data T , comprising:

3 means for initializing a sliding window W of size $\text{MAX}\{m,n\}+K$

4 so that its rightmost m characters are S ,

5 where K is an integer such that $0 \leq K < \text{MIN}\{m,n\}$;

6 means for performing sliding window compression of T with window W ,

7 to produce a sequence of pointers,

8 where each of said pointers represents a single character

9 or represents a copy of an earlier substring of T

10 or represents a copy of a substring of S ,

11 such that at least one of said pointers represents a copy of a substring of S ;

12 means for transmitting each pointer of said sequence of pointers to a utilization device

13 that contains a copy of S ;

14 means for upon receiving each of said pointers at said utilization device,

15 performing an additional sliding window decoding step in the recovery of T ,

16 in such a way that the size of the memory used is no more than $\text{MAX}\{m,n\} + K$,

17 and such that after the last pointer is received T is fully recovered.

18 **17. (amended)** A system as in Claim 16, further comprising:

19 Rearranging substrings of S so that S is better aligned with T .

20 **18. (amended)** A system according to Claim 16 where $K \leq \text{MIN}\{m,n\}/2$.

21 **19. (amended)** A system according to Claim 16 where K is $O(\sqrt{\text{MIN}\{m,n\}})$.

22 **20. (amended)** A system according to Claim 16 where $K=0$.

1 **21. (original)** A system for recovering a first body of data T of size n from a second body of data
2 S of size m and a sequence of pointers,
3 where each of said pointers represents a single character or represents a copy of an earlier
4 substring of T or represents a copy of a substring of S ,
5 such that at least one of said pointers represents a copy of a substring of S ,
6 with means for:

7 processing said sequence of pointers and overwriting S from left to right,
8 in such a way that the size of the memory used is no more than $\text{MAX}\{m,n\} + K$.

9 **22. (amended)** A system as in Claim 21, further comprising:
10 Rearranging substrings of S to that S is better aligned with T .

11 **23. (amended)** A system for differential compression and decompression of a body of data T
12 with respect to a body of data S comprising means for:
13 computing strongly aligned moves and using off-the-shelf compression and
14 decompression to represent the portions of T not represented by substring moves within
15 S , in such a way that the size of the memory used when decoding is no more than
16 $\text{MAX}\{m,n\} + K$, where K is an integer such that $0 \leq K < \text{MIN}\{m,n\}$.

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